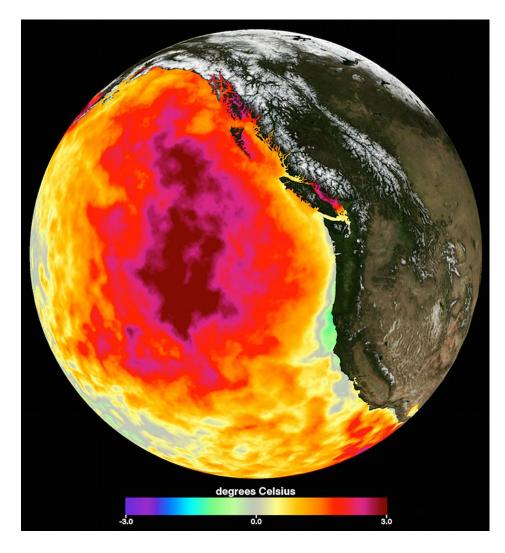
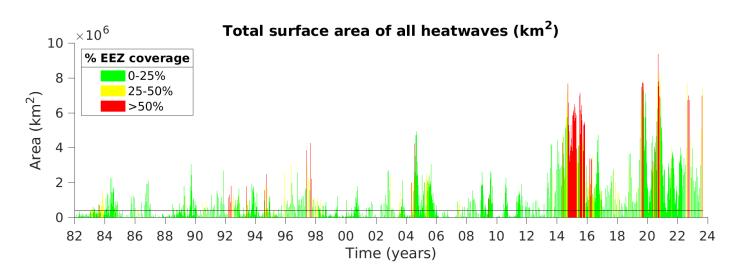
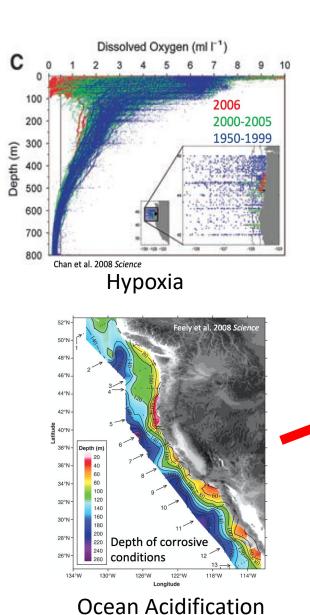
If our ocean changes, will we know?

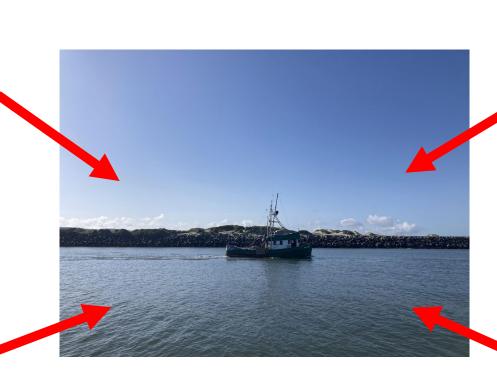


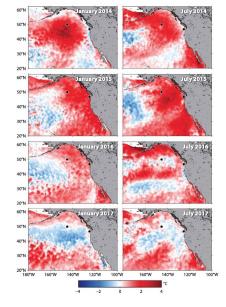


https://www.integratedecosystemassessment.noaa.gov/regio ns/california-current/california-current-marine-heatwavetracker-blobtracker

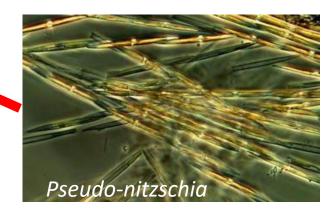
but more than just temperature is changing...







Marine Heatwaves



Harmful Algal Blooms

A subtidal ocean acidification and hypoxia monitoring network for Oregon's marine reserve system

What were the major goals of the project?

- Sustain long-term observations of OAH exposure on Oregon's shelf that are crucial for detecting, tracking and understanding change.
- Develop a collaborative monitoring program with the fishing fleet as a means for sustaining costeffective observations
- Broaden the knowledge base of traditional ocean uses

Intertidal ocean acidification monitoring in Oregon's marine reserves

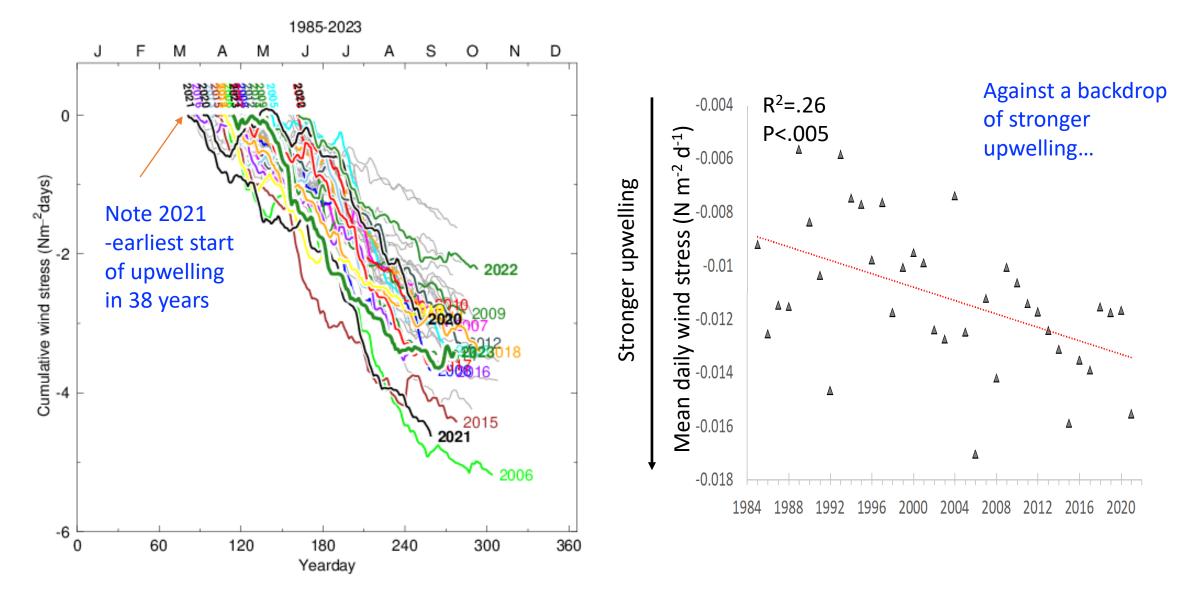
What were the major goals of the project?

- Sustain crucial observations of OA exposure in Oregon's state waters through citizen science partnerships in marine reserves
- Broaden the knowledge base of traditional ocean uses
- Enhance the public's understanding of ocean legacy and ocean changes

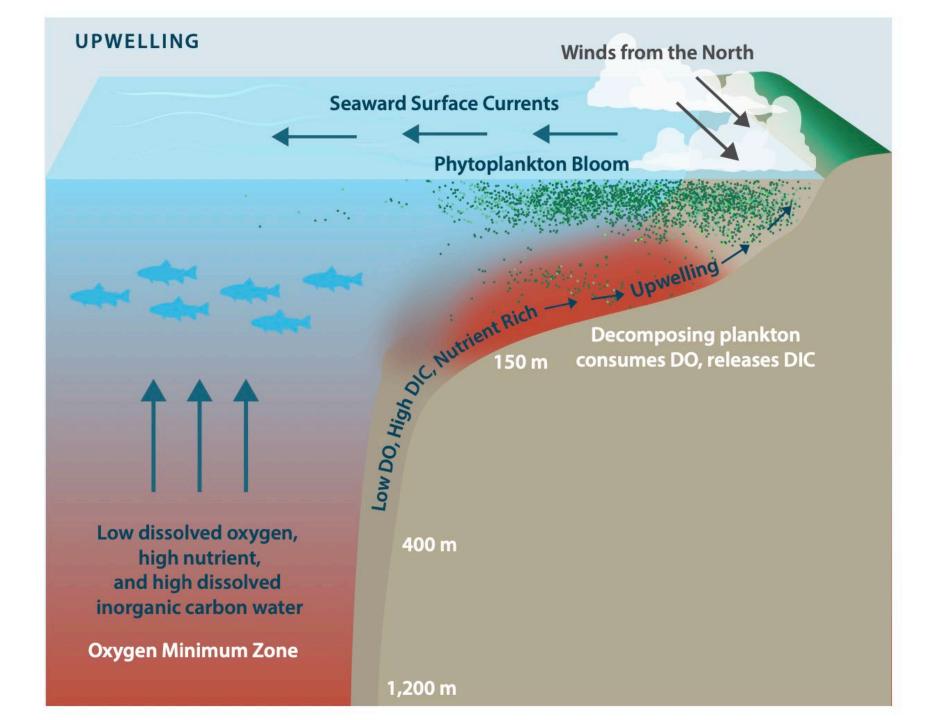
OOST support to take advantage of our OAH observing capabilities and partnerships



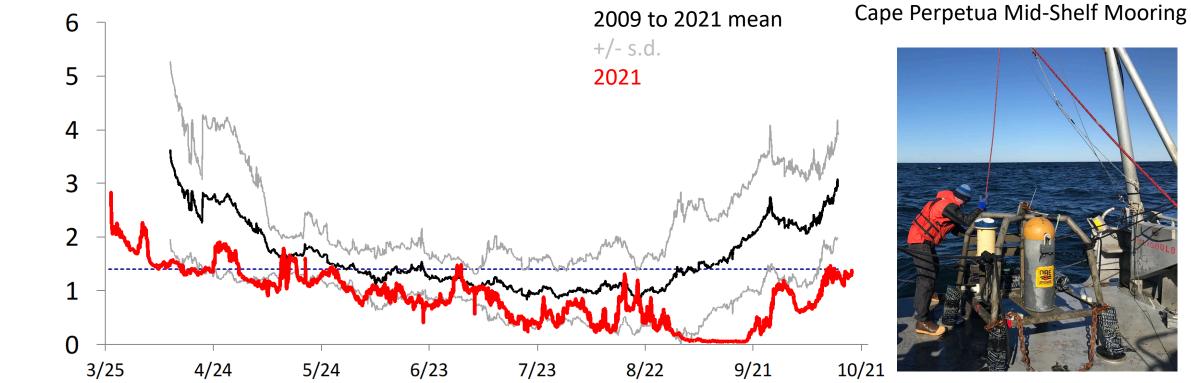
Sustaining observations has been vital



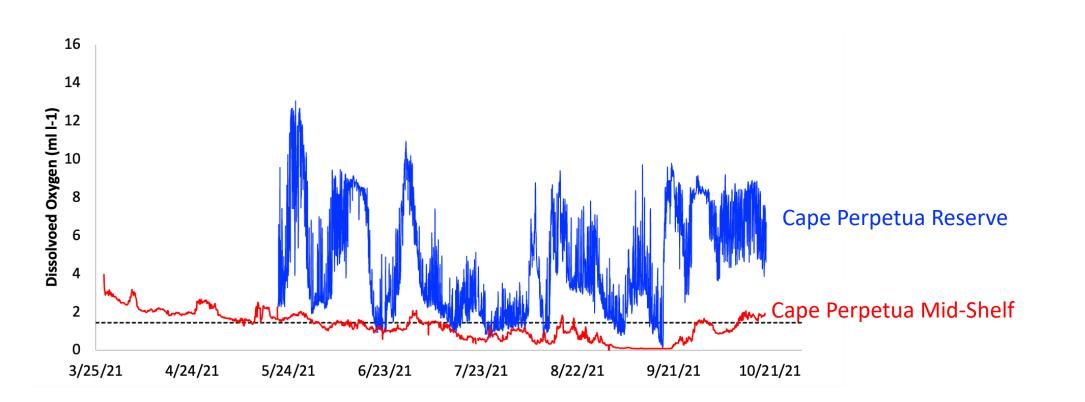
http://shadow.ceoas.oregonstate.edu/damp/windstress/allyears.html

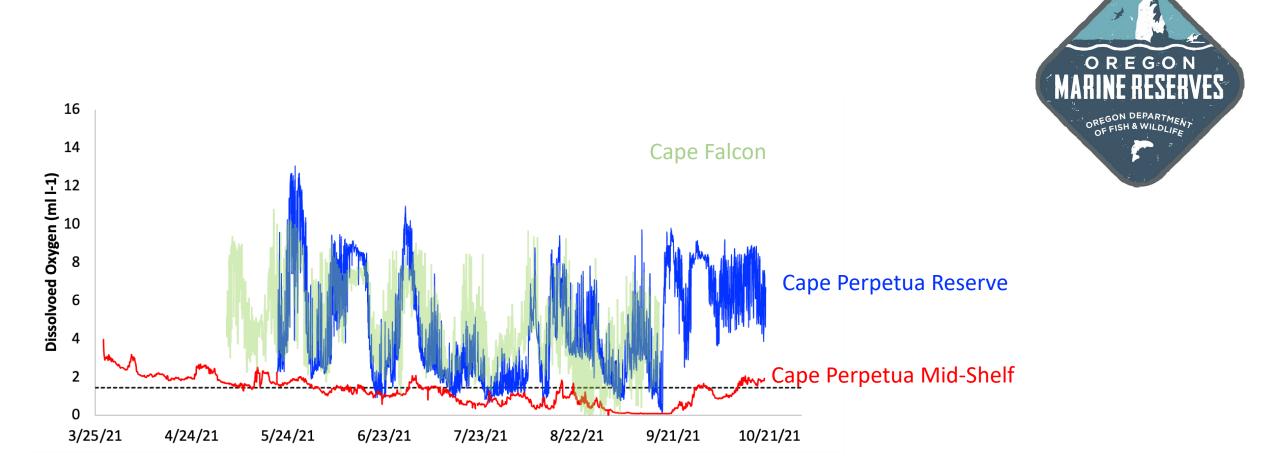


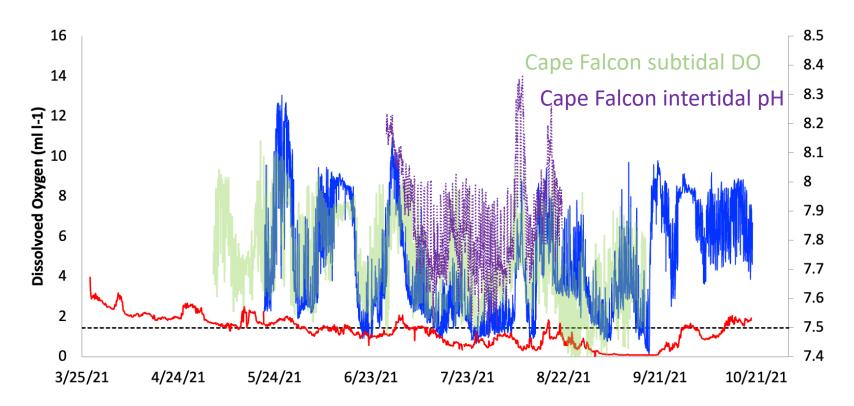
Earliest onset of hypoxia on the Oregon shelf from our records...



Dissolved Oxygen (ml*l-1)



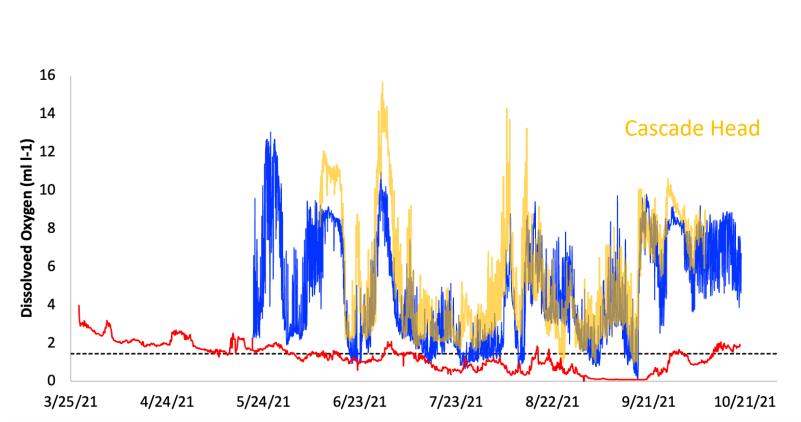


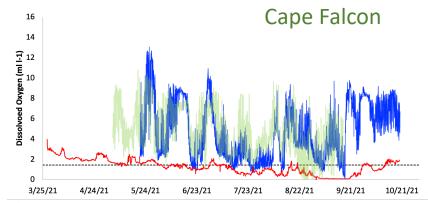


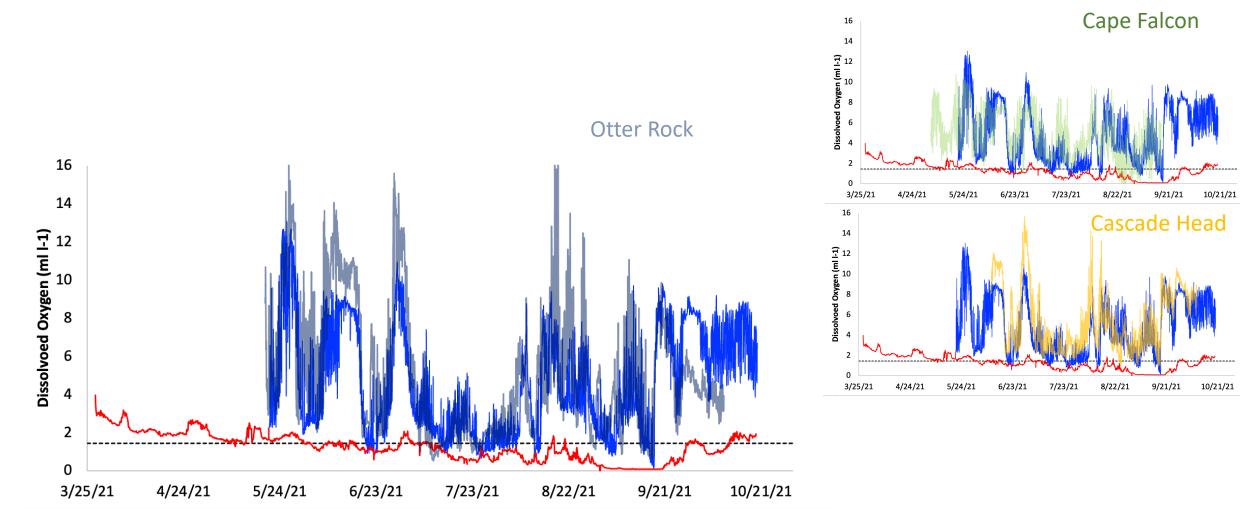


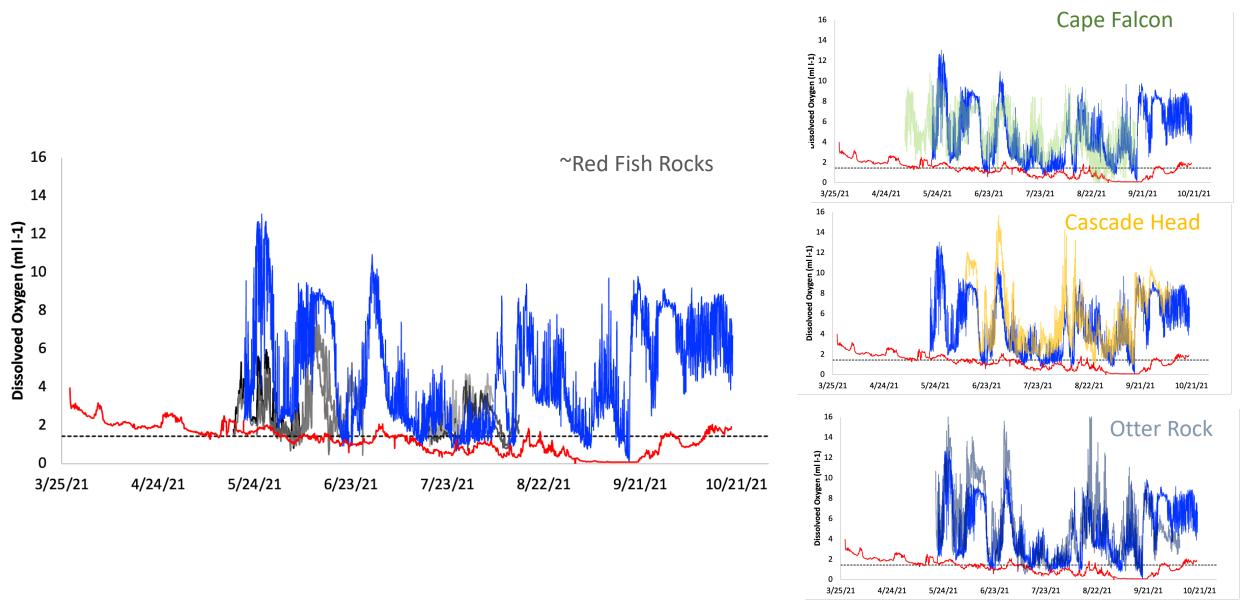
Cape Perpetua Reserve

Cape Perpetua Mid-Shelf

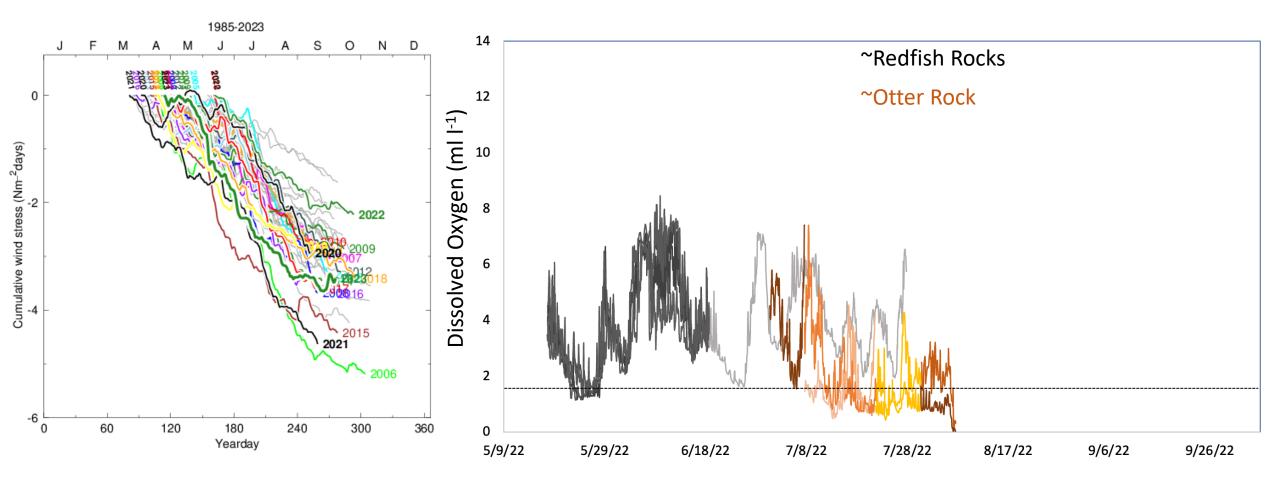






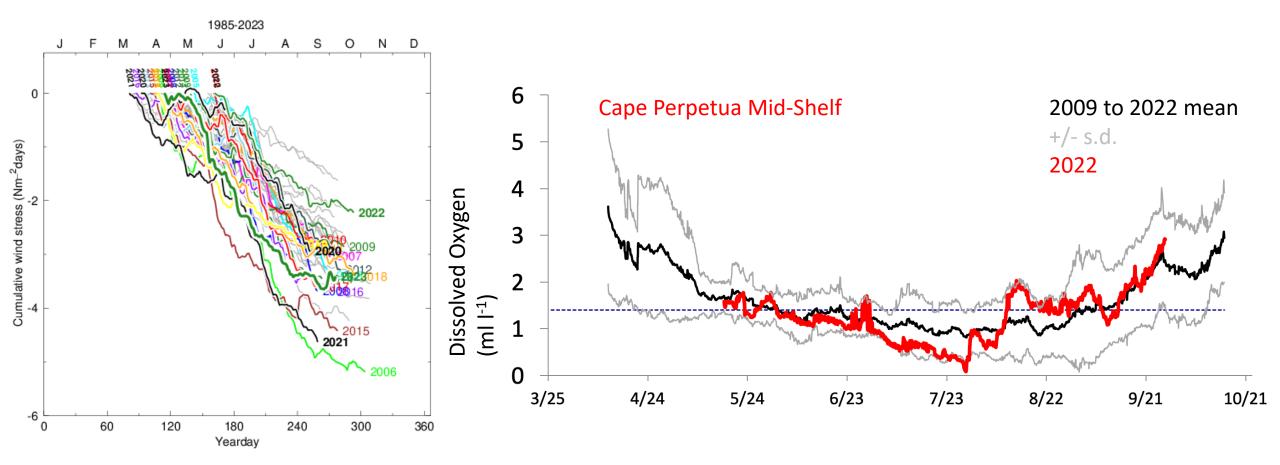


What happened last year?

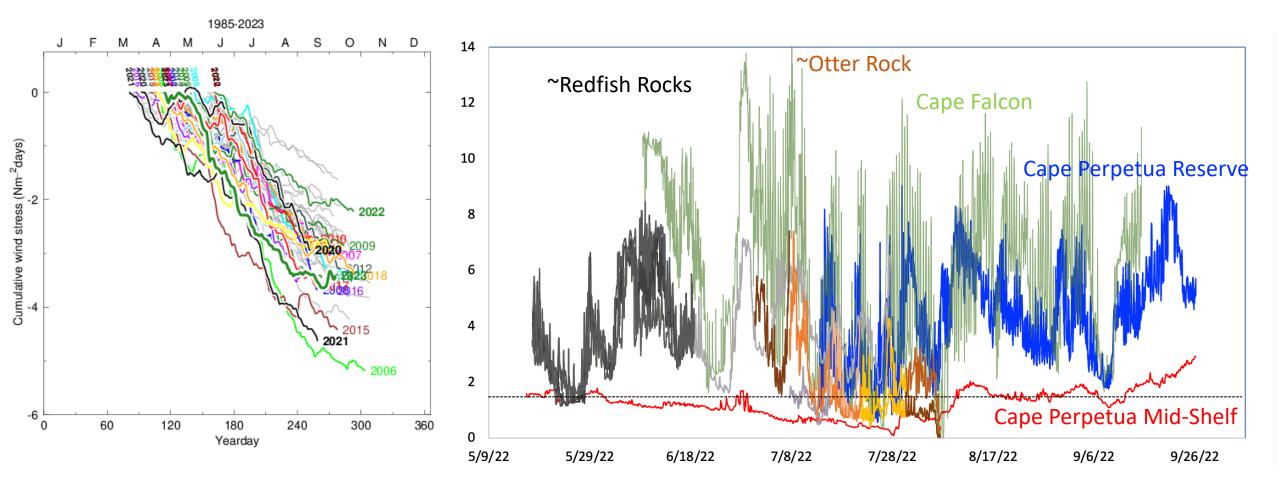


**only near real time bottom hourly DO observations then available*

What happened last year?



What happened last year?



Are we reaching people with our science?

Low-oxygen waters off Washington, Oregon coasts risk becoming large 'dead zones'

Low-oxygen waters off Washington, Oregon coasts risk becoming large 'dead zones



C-CAN (California Current Acidification Network) Nov 2022 Marine Heatwaves, Ocean Acidification, and Hypoxia: Perspective from the Pacific Northwest

Francis Chan Director, Cooperative Institute for Marine Ecosystem and Resources Studies Associate Professor, Department of Integrative Biology

With invaluable assistance from Dick Feely (NOAA-PMEL), Anna Bolm (CIMERS), Elizabeth Daly (CIMERS), Cheryl Morgan (CIMERS), Kym Jacobson (NOAA-NWFSC), Laurie Weitkamp (NOAA-NWFSC)

With support from NOAA PMEL, NWFSC, NCCOS (Awards NA22NOS4780171, NA18NOS4780169), Oregon Ocean Science Trust



US Ocean Studies Board Oct 2023

Are we reaching people with our science?

Environment | Local News | Northwest | Science | Weather

Low oxygen levels along Pacific Northwest coast a 'silent' climate change crisis

Sep. 28, 2021 at 6:00 am

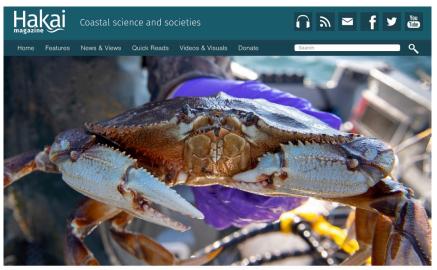


By Michala Garrison Seattle Times staff reporter Dead zones, a 'horseman' of climate change, could suffocate crabs in the West, scientists say





Oregon State University scientists and students conduct research to track hypoxia in the Pacific Ocean off the Oregon coast. (Francis Chan/Oregon State University)



To better understand how hypoxia-dangerously low oxygen levels-affects crabs, researchers and fishers are working together to find a way to adjust to changing conditions in the northeast Pacific Ocean. Photo by Robin Loznak/ZUMA Wire/Alamy Live News

Catching Crabs in a Suffocating Sea

by Julia Rosen March 1, 2022 | 3,300 words, about 16 minutes

Are we reaching people with our science?

CLIMATE CRISIS

✓ f a 0

OUR WORK ABOUT NEWS COMMITTEE ACTIVITY CONTACT

Building Climate-Resilient Coastal Communities: Perspectives from Oregon's State. Local. and Tribal Partners

Wed, 08/03/2022 - 10:00am

Patriot Hall, Clatsop Community College. 1650 Lexington AvenueAstoria, OR 97103

This hearing will examine challenges facing Oregon's coastal communities and ecosystems due to the climate crisis and opportunities for the federal government to help state, local, and Tribal partners build resilient, climate-ready coasts.

COMMITTEE ACTIVITY

All Activity Hearings



UNDERSTANDING HYPOX DEAD ZONES ON THE PACIFIC COAST





Suzanne Bonamici 🤡

🚯 0:00 / 14:17 • Understanding Hypoxia >

Why do I make ocean health a priority? Watch this!

Thanks to @OregonState for their work and this excellent film.

voutube.com

Understanding Hypoxia: Dead Zones on the Pacific Coast

A transforming climate and ocean is leading to unpredictable changes. One change is more frequent a...

:49 AM · Dec 20, 2022



Are we leveraging the investments?

SINCCOS NATIONAL CENTERS FOR COASTAL OCEAN SCIENCE

Q

NEWS

ABOUT US FACILITIES FUNDING RESEARCH & TOOLS

NOAA Awards \$4.2 Million for Multi-Stressor Research on Northern California Current Ecosystem

🛗 Published on: 11/02/2022

Research Area(s): Marine Spatial Ecology / Ecological and Biogeographic Assessments, Regional Ecosystem Science; Coastal Change / Climate Impacts on Ecosystems, Ocean Acidification; Stressor Impacts and Mitigation / Biological Effects of Contaminants and Nutrients, Harmful Algal Bloom Detection and Forecasting, Hypoxia; Other Topics / Sponsored Research

Region(s) of Study: Waterbodies / Pacific Ocean; U.S. States and Territories / California, Oregon, Washington Primary Contact(s): kimberly.puglise@noaa.gov

NOAA has awarded \$967,505 of an anticipated four-year, \$4.2 million project to support research on multi-stressor impacts on marine ecosystems under climate change. The newly funded project, led by Oregon State University and NOAA's Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory, will occur off the coasts of northern California, Oregon, and Washington, including NOAA's Olympic Coast National Marine Sanctuary, and will focus on climate impacts to Dungeness crab, an iconic and valuable fishery resource that is culturally and economically important to the region's coastal communities.

IOOS ABOUT COMMUNICATIONS DATA IOOS IN ACTION REGIONS COMMUNITY Q Ocean Technology Transition Home / IOOS in Action / Ocean Technology Transition Image: About Project Information Documents

IOOS advances technology through the transition of ocean, coastal, and marine sensors and platforms to operations.

"Fishing for Hypoxia" \$1.2 million, Sept 2023 to Aug 2026

Jessica Garwood, OSU (lead PI)

Jack Barth, OSU Francis Chan, OSU Jeremy Childress, The Sexton Corporation Jan Newton, UW R. Kipp Shearman, OSU

Thank you!

- The Oregon Legislature, particularly past and present members of the Coastal Caucus
- Oregon Ocean Science Trust
- NOAA NCCOS

Dick Vander Schaaf Charlie Plybon Kerry Holman Tom Calvanese Chrissy Smith The ODFW Marine Reserve Team! Many others! Jack Barth Samantha Chisholm Hatfield Linus Stoltz Ben Frieberg Brandon Russell Kipp Shearman Jessica Garwood Jeremy Childress